

THE BOLIVAR BULLETIN

M. H. PARRISH, Editor.

“A. S. B. — We publish the following letter, which we wish to be copied in the ‘Editor of the Bolivar Bulletin’—
‘Editor of a ‘Business character should be dressed
in a suit and tie. Plain clothes, however,
are best. Business men, both black and white,
will be most successful in their
business.’”

THURSDAY. - - SEPT. 21st, 1865.

We hope our readers will excuse the scarcity of reading matter in our paper—the pressure of advertisements is the evil—arrangements have been made, and the paper will be handsomely enlarged in a short time.

The conservative and radical parties of the Northern States, where elections are to be held this fall and winter, have chosen their champions, and are now in the midst of an exciting canvass. Both of these great political elements are working with a determination “to do or die,” and the astute reader or careful thinker cannot fail to detect the fact of there being something of a momentous national character connected with the result, no matter whether he is an active participant, or a silent victim of the miserable franchise set.

One is laboring for the perpetuity entire of the American Union; is striving to conciliate, to heal up the wounds from which the nation’s life blood flowed in fearful torrents. The other, selfish and drunk with victory, is remorseless and cruel. They and their party are the “all-fainl” with them.

The health of the military prisoner Wera is so seriously impaired that it is not believed he will live until his trial before the Military Commission has been completed.

Missouri furnished 10,557 troops during the war—over one-third of whom were supplied by St. Louis.

The recent fire at Shreveport, Louisiana, destroyed the finest portion of the city. No estimate of the damage has as yet been received.

Colonel Johnson, late adjutant on the staff of the rebel General Breckinridge, has arrived at Memphis.

Mails are being sent through now daily from Memphis to Mobile—the time occupied in the passage being sixty hours.

The Indian superintendent in Utah has succeeded in negotiating a very satisfactory treaty with the savages in that territory.

The contract for carrying the mail from Cairo to Lake Erie, via Ohio and Tennessee rivers, has been let to Mr. J. O. Woodward, of Paducah, Ky. The mail is to be carried three times a week.

It is announced that General Sherman commanding in Mississippi, has tendered his resignation, in consequence of the endorsement of Governor Sharkey by the President.

Reports received of Freedmen’s Bureau show that nearly all the abandoned property in the vicinity of Harper’s Ferry, which was taken possession of by the Government, has been restored to its owners.

John A. Klein has been appointed Collector of Customs at Vicksburg, Miss., on the recommendation of Governor Sharkey.

Instructions have been issued by the Secretary of War to commanding officers of departments of North Carolina, Virginia, Florida, Texas, Louisiana, and Arkansas, directing them to immediately muster out of service all organizations of colored troops.

The New York News says of the President’s dispatch to Governor Sharkey of Miss.: “Every one will recognize in it unmistakable indications of the President’s returning devotion to those principles of the State rights Democracy which he was once accustomed to defend with great ability, and of his reversion to a belief in the good sense and good faith of the people.”

A specialist of Congress having removed all disqualification on account of color in carrying the mails, the Postmaster-General on Friday made the first contract with a colored man named Richard Archibald, master of the mail from Leesburg to Winchester, Virginia, and intermediate stations, twice a week, at the rate of fifty dollars per week. He was the only man who proposed for the price.

A Western musical critic says that Mr. W. Morgan, the organist, “can dig, kick, tramp, pull, thump, jerk, and hammer music out of the lowest of that instrument than out of the highest.”

If the people of the South will work incisively for their own and the Nation’s good, the efforts of the conservative men in the North will be strengthened; and if there is a man in this State who doubts the sincerity and friendliness of the democracy of the North in behalf of the South, let him get a copy of the platforms and resolutions of the democracy of Ohio, New York, Pennsylvania, or New Jersey. There is no mistake about it. On the success of the conservatives of the North rest our hopes for the future.

“FOR THE WRONG SIDE BY THE EAR”—Some of the Northern radical journals are greatly exercised about the supposed future conduct of President Johnson. While he was playing second fiddle at the White House, his old political traits of character were lost sight of. They actually forgot that he was a State rights democrat; and now that he is leader of the orchestra, and shows how well he is versed in political notes, and is playing a tune that does not sound agreeably to their ears, they are beginning to ask, “What manner of man is this?” We will let it abide and older heads to answer, but would remind the inquirers of a fable told by an old gentleman by the name of A. Sop, vulgarly called “Slop,” and whose given name we suppose was Andrew, concerning the frozen serpent, which was picked up and placed upon a warm hearth, where after it was thawed out, began forthwith to strike furiously at everything that was unpleasant to his snake-like.

Senator Sherman, of Ohio, says that the democrats are scavengers. It is very probable that their services will be needed before long, as the indications are that after the coming election in that State the stinking carcass of dead abolitionism will need burying out of sight just as the rations are counted. Gen. Morgan and the democracy will “show ‘em up” beautifully.

In his letter to Governor Sharkey, the President remarks that “the people may be trusted with their Government.” Good—N. Y. Tribune.

But who are the people? Whitemen who fight against the Government, or black men who fight for it?—St. Louis Democrat.

If the infamous *Louisville Journal*, Cincinnati *Commercial*, and their kith and kin are to be relied on, why, of course, the black men are the people.

Murder.—Frederick A. Ross, son of Dr. Ross, of Ala., was brutally murdered near Friar’s Point, Miss., a few days ago. It is surmised that two negroes, in the employ of James Brown, Esq., did the bloody deed, as they have both left for parts unknown. The unfortunate man had been an honored soldier in the Confederate army in Virginia for four years, had participated in many hard battles, and earned death, thousands of men and children and the superannuated. If half of these voluntary as it is, and more two-thirds of each week, it is slothful to be equivalent to loss of time, is not so, & parting. There can be but one result. Ed. and holder will reduce the number of negroes employed to a minimum. He can feed and clothe the class of laborers assigned him by the excellent bureau, and assist the others in the present year, no cotton being imported in the gulf States, he’ll have no money, the inefficient blacks will be discharged from service, and Mexico will be loaded with an ignorant, helpless population.

An Editor Assailed by a Negro.—A Cooper, editor of the *Mississippi*, is buried at Jackson, Miss., was assassinated by a negro, a short time since, a terrible manner. Mr. Cooper was in full health the day and made his appearance at his office, in the present year, no cotton being imported in the gulf States, he’ll have no money, the inefficient blacks will be discharged from service, and Mexico will be loaded with an ignorant, helpless population.

The season for rail shooting on the Delaware has now fairly commenced, and the river and marshes are alive with birds.—Exchange.

The season for fall-splashing set in hereabouts some time since, judging from the thousands of acres of unfenced lands that are to be seen.

By a recent incendiary fire Selma, Alabama, 300 bales of cotton were burned.

Jefferson Davis has been removed to more comfortable quarters in Fortress Monroe.

The health of the military prisoner Wera is so seriously impaired that it is not believed he will live until his trial before the Military Commission has been completed.

Missouri furnished 10,557 troops during the war—over one-third of whom were supplied by St. Louis.

The recent fire at Shreveport, Louisiana, destroyed the finest portion of the city. No estimate of the damage has as yet been received.

Colonel Johnson, late adjutant on the staff of the rebel General Breckinridge, has arrived at Memphis.

Mails are being sent through now daily from Memphis to Mobile—the time occupied in the passage being sixty hours.

It is stated that the Government has determined to publish the laws of the United States passed within the last four years and the treaties concluded within the same period, in one newspaper published in each State capital of the late rebellious State, for the information of the people.

Returns of the Maine State election indicate that the total vote is 33,000, to 10,000 less than last year, and that the republican majority will be about 15,000 against 19,000 in 1864.

The Mississippi papers generally are looking for the name of Judge E. S. Fisher attorney.

The Indianapolis *Democrat*, September 13th says one of the greatest oil strikes in the United States is that which occurred a few days ago in Cumberland County, Kentucky. We have seen a dispatch and read a letter from John Nishamore, manager of the Cumberland Oil and Salt company, based at Burkesville. He states that the New York and Kentucky Oil Company had struck oil in the month of October, 1864, and that the well, when hoisted on Friday, the 1st inst. (the day of strike) was flowing about one thousand barrels per day, that same persons who saw it estimated it at one-half as much as one thousand barrels per day. Some oil can be formed when by any means flowing a stream sometimes from five to six feet high, through a six-inch square and flowing pure oil.

New Advertisements.

L. C. Elson. Isaac Paxton.
L. C. ELSON & CO.,

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in

Staple and Fancy Dry Goods

READY-MADE CLOTHING.

Hats and Caps, Quinquaginta, Glassware

PERFUMERY, ETC.

The Louisville *Democrat*, September 13th says one of the greatest oil strikes in the United States is that which occurred a few days ago in Cumberland County, Kentucky. We have seen a dispatch and read a letter from John Nishamore, manager of the Cumberland Oil and Salt company, based at Burkesville. He states that the New York and Kentucky Oil Company had struck oil in the month of October, 1864, and that the well, when hoisted on Friday, the 1st inst. (the day of strike) was flowing about one thousand barrels per day, that same persons who saw it estimated it at one-half as much as one thousand barrels per day. Some oil can be formed when by any means flowing a stream sometimes from five to six feet high, through a six-inch square and flowing pure oil.

New Advertisements.

L. C. Elson. Isaac Paxton.
L. C. ELSON & CO.,

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in

Staple and Fancy Dry Goods

READY-MADE CLOTHING.

Hats and Caps, Quinquaginta, Glassware

PERFUMERY, ETC.

The Louisville *Democrat*, September 13th says one of the greatest oil strikes in the United States is that which occurred a few days ago in Cumberland County, Kentucky. We have seen a dispatch and read a letter from John Nishamore, manager of the Cumberland Oil and Salt company, based at Burkesville. He states that the New York and Kentucky Oil Company had struck oil in the month of October, 1864, and that the well, when hoisted on Friday, the 1st inst. (the day of strike) was flowing about one thousand barrels per day, that same persons who saw it estimated it at one-half as much as one thousand barrels per day. Some oil can be formed when by any means flowing a stream sometimes from five to six feet high, through a six-inch square and flowing pure oil.

New Advertisements.

L. C. Elson. Isaac Paxton.
L. C. ELSON & CO.,

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in

Staple and Fancy Dry Goods

READY-MADE CLOTHING.

Hats and Caps, Quinquaginta, Glassware

PERFUMERY, ETC.

The Louisville *Democrat*, September 13th says one of the greatest oil strikes in the United States is that which occurred a few days ago in Cumberland County, Kentucky. We have seen a dispatch and read a letter from John Nishamore, manager of the Cumberland Oil and Salt company, based at Burkesville. He states that the New York and Kentucky Oil Company had struck oil in the month of October, 1864, and that the well, when hoisted on Friday, the 1st inst. (the day of strike) was flowing about one thousand barrels per day, that same persons who saw it estimated it at one-half as much as one thousand barrels per day. Some oil can be formed when by any means flowing a stream sometimes from five to six feet high, through a six-inch square and flowing pure oil.

New Advertisements.

L. C. Elson. Isaac Paxton.
L. C. ELSON & CO.,

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in

Staple and Fancy Dry Goods

READY-MADE CLOTHING.

Hats and Caps, Quinquaginta, Glassware

PERFUMERY, ETC.

The Louisville *Democrat*, September 13th says one of the greatest oil strikes in the United States is that which occurred a few days ago in Cumberland County, Kentucky. We have seen a dispatch and read a letter from John Nishamore, manager of the Cumberland Oil and Salt company, based at Burkesville. He states that the New York and Kentucky Oil Company had struck oil in the month of October, 1864, and that the well, when hoisted on Friday, the 1st inst. (the day of strike) was flowing about one thousand barrels per day, that same persons who saw it estimated it at one-half as much as one thousand barrels per day. Some oil can be formed when by any means flowing a stream sometimes from five to six feet high, through a six-inch square and flowing pure oil.

New Advertisements.

L. C. Elson. Isaac Paxton.
L. C. ELSON & CO.,

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in

Staple and Fancy Dry Goods

READY-MADE CLOTHING.

Hats and Caps, Quinquaginta, Glassware

PERFUMERY, ETC.

The Louisville *Democrat*, September 13th says one of the greatest oil strikes in the United States is that which occurred a few days ago in Cumberland County, Kentucky. We have seen a dispatch and read a letter from John Nishamore, manager of the Cumberland Oil and Salt company, based at Burkesville. He states that the New York and Kentucky Oil Company had struck oil in the month of October, 1864, and that the well, when hoisted on Friday, the 1st inst. (the day of strike) was flowing about one thousand barrels per day, that same persons who saw it estimated it at one-half as much as one thousand barrels per day. Some oil can be formed when by any means flowing a stream sometimes from five to six feet high, through a six-inch square and flowing pure oil.

New Advertisements.

L. C. Elson. Isaac Paxton.
L. C. ELSON & CO.,

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in

Staple and Fancy Dry Goods

READY-MADE CLOTHING.

Hats and Caps, Quinquaginta, Glassware

PERFUMERY, ETC.

The Louisville *Democrat*, September 13th says one of the greatest oil strikes in the United States is that which occurred a few days ago in Cumberland County, Kentucky. We have seen a dispatch and read a letter from John Nishamore, manager of the Cumberland Oil and Salt company, based at Burkesville. He states that the New York and Kentucky Oil Company had struck oil in the month of October, 1864, and that the well, when hoisted on Friday, the 1st inst. (the day of strike) was flowing about one thousand barrels per day, that same persons who saw it estimated it at one-half as much as one thousand barrels per day. Some oil can be formed when by any means flowing a stream sometimes from five to six feet high, through a six-inch square and flowing pure oil.

New Advertisements.

L. C. Elson. Isaac Paxton.
L. C. ELSON & CO.,

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in

Staple and Fancy Dry Goods

READY-MADE CLOTHING.

Hats and Caps, Quinquaginta, Glassware

PERFUMERY, ETC.

The Louisville *Democrat*, September 13th says one of the greatest oil strikes in the United States is that which occurred a few days ago in Cumberland County, Kentucky. We have seen a dispatch and read a letter from John Nishamore, manager of the Cumberland Oil and Salt company, based at Burkesville. He states that the New York and Kentucky Oil Company had struck oil in the month of October, 1864, and that the well, when hoisted on Friday, the 1st inst. (the day of strike) was flowing about one thousand barrels per day, that same persons who saw it estimated it at one-half as much as one thousand barrels per day. Some oil can be formed when by any means flowing a stream sometimes from five to six feet high, through a six-inch square and flowing pure oil.

New Advertisements.

L. C. Elson. Isaac Paxton.
L. C. ELSON & CO.,

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in

Staple and Fancy Dry Goods

READY-MADE CLOTHING.

Hats and Caps, Quinquaginta, Glassware

PERFUMERY, ETC.

The Louisville *Democrat*, September 13th says one of the greatest oil strikes in the United States is that which occurred a few days ago in Cumberland County, Kentucky. We have seen a dispatch and read a letter from John Nishamore, manager of the Cumberland Oil and Salt company, based at Burkesville. He states that the New York and Kentucky Oil Company had struck oil in the month of October, 1864, and that the well, when hoisted on Friday, the 1st inst. (the day of strike) was flowing about one thousand barrels per day, that same persons who saw it estimated it at one-half as much as one thousand barrels per day